1	STATE OF OKLAHOMA
2	1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2019)
3	SENATE BILL 248 By: Daniels
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5	AS INTRODUCED
6	An Act relating to the Oklahoma Pleading Code;
7	amending 12 O.S. 2011, Sections 2008, as last amended by Section 3, Chapter 9, 1st Ex. Sess. O.S.L. 2013,
8	and 2009, as last amended by Section 5, Chapter 9, 1st Ex. Sess., O.S.L. 2013 (12 O.S. Supp. 2018,
9	Sections 2008 and 2009), which relate to general rules and special matters; modifying requirements for
10	certain claims and averments; defining term; conforming language; making language gender neutral;
11	and providing an effective date.
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13	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
14	SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 12 O.S. 2011, Section 2008, as
15	last amended by Section 3, Chapter 9, 1st Ex. Sess., O.S.L. 2013 (12
16	O.S. Supp. 2018, Section 2008), is amended to read as follows:
17	Section 2008.
18	GENERAL RULES OF PLEADING
19	A. CLAIMS FOR RELIEF. A pleading which sets forth a claim for
20	relief, whether an original claim, counterclaim, cross-claim or
21	third-party claim, shall contain:
22	1. A short and plain statement, made with particularity of <u>all</u>
23	material facts known to the pleading party that support the claim
24	showing, that creates a reasonable inference that the pleader is
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plausibly entitled to relief. For the purposes of this paragraph, a
material fact is a fact that is necessary to the claim and without
which the claim could not be supported. As to facts pleaded on
belief, the pleading party shall set forth with particularity the
factual information supporting the pleading party's belief; and

6 2. A demand for judgment for the relief to which he or she 7 deems himself or herself entitled. Every pleading demanding relief 8 for damages in money in excess of the amount required for diversity 9 jurisdiction pursuant to Section 1332 of Title 28 of the United 10 States Code shall, without demanding any specific amount of money, 11 set forth only that the amount sought as damages is in excess of the 12 amount required for diversity jurisdiction pursuant to Section 1332 13 of Title 28 of the United States Code, except in actions sounding in 14 contract. Every pleading demanding relief for damages in money in 15 an amount that is required for diversity jurisdiction pursuant to 16 Section 1332 of Title 28 of the United States Code or less shall 17 specify the amount of such damages sought to be recovered. Relief 18 in the alternative or of several different types may be demanded. 19 DEFENSES; FORM OF DENIALS. A party shall state in short and в. 20 plain terms his or her defenses to each claim asserted and shall

admit or deny the averments upon which the adverse party relies. If he <u>or she</u> is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of an averment, he <u>or she</u> shall so state and this statement has the effect of a denial. Denials shall fairly

1	meet the substance of the averments denied. When a pleader intends
2	in good faith to deny only a part or a qualification of an averment,
3	he <u>or she</u> shall specify so much of it as is true and material and
4	shall deny only the remainder. Unless the pleader intends in good
5	faith to controvert all the averments of the preceding pleading, he
6	or she may make his or her denials as specific denials of designated
7	averments or paragraphs or he <u>or she</u> may generally deny all the
8	averments except such designated averments or paragraphs as he <u>or</u>
9	she expressly admits; but, when he or she does so intend to
10	controvert all its averments, he <u>or she</u> may do so by general denial
11	subject to the obligations set forth in Section 2011 of this title.
12	C. AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES. In pleading to a preceding pleading,
13	a party shall set forth affirmatively:
14	1. Accord and satisfaction;
15	2. Arbitration and award;
16	3. Assumption of risk;
17	4. Contributory negligence;
18	5. Discharge in bankruptcy;
19	6. Duress;
20	7. Estoppel;
21	8. Failure of consideration;
22	9. Fraud;
23	10. Illegality;
24	11. Injury by fellow servant;

1	12. Laches;
2	13. License;
3	14. Payment;
4	15. Release;
5	16. Res judicata;
6	17. Statute of frauds;
7	18. Statute of limitations;
8	19. Waiver; and
9	20. Any other matter constituting an avoidance or affirmative
10	defense.
11	When a party has mistakenly designated a defense as a
12	counterclaim or a counterclaim as a defense, the court on terms, if
13	justice so requires, shall treat the pleading as if there had been a
14	proper designation.
15	D. EFFECT OF FAILURE TO DENY. Averments in a pleading to which
16	a responsive pleading is required, other than those as to the amount
17	of damage, are admitted when not denied in the responsive pleading.
18	Averments in a pleading to which no responsive pleading is required
19	or permitted shall be taken as denied or avoided.
20	E. Pleading to be concise and direct <u>alternative statements</u> ;
21	CONSISTENCY INCONSISTENCY.
22	1. Each averment of a pleading shall be simple, concise, and
23	direct. No technical forms of pleadings or motions are required.
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1 2. A party may set forth, and at trial rely on, two or more 2 statements of a claim or defense alternately or hypothetically, 3 either in one count or defense or in separate counts or defenses. 4 When two or more statements are made in the alternative and one of 5 them if made independently would be sufficient, the pleading is not 6 made insufficient by the insufficiency of one or more of the 7 alternative statements. A party may also state as many separate 8 claims or defenses as he or she has regardless of consistency and 9 whether based on legal or equitable grounds. All statements shall 10 be made subject to the obligations set forth in Section 2011 of this 11 title.

F. CONSTRUCTION OF PLEADINGS. All pleadings shall be so construed as to do substantial justice.

SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 12 O.S. 2011, Section 2009, as
last amended by Section 5, Chapter 9, 1st Ex. Sess., O.S.L. 2013 (12
O.S. Supp. 2018, Section 2009), is amended to read as follows:
Section 2009.

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PLEADING SPECIAL MATTERS

19 A. CAPACITY. It is not necessary to aver the capacity of a 20 party to sue or be sued or the authority of a party to sue or be 21 sued in a representative capacity or the legal existence of an 22 organized association of persons that is made a party. When a party 23 desires to raise an issue as to the legal existence of any party or 24 the capacity of any party to sue or be sued or the authority of a

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¹ party to sue or be sued in a representative capacity, he <u>or she</u> ² shall do so by negative averment, which shall include such ³ supporting particulars as are peculiarly within the pleader's ⁴ knowledge, and he <u>or she</u> shall have the burden of proof on that ⁵ issue.

B. FRAUD, MISTAKE, CONDITION OF THE MIND. In <u>accordance with</u>
 paragraph 1 of subsection A of Section 2008 of this title, in all
 averments of fraud or mistake, the circumstances constituting fraud
 or mistake shall be stated with particularity. Malice, intent,
 knowledge, and other condition of mind of a person may be averred
 generally.

12 C. CONDITIONS PRECEDENT. In pleading the performance or 13 occurrence of conditions precedent, <u>if the pleading otherwise</u> 14 <u>satisfies the requirements of paragraph 1 of subsection A of Section</u> 15 <u>2008 of this title</u>, it is sufficient to aver generally that all 16 conditions precedent have been performed or have occurred. A denial 17 of performance or occurrence shall be made specifically and with 18 particularity.

D. OFFICIAL DOCUMENT OR ACT. In pleading an official document or official act it is sufficient to aver that the document was issued or the act done in compliance with law.

E. JUDGMENT. In pleading a judgment or decision of a domestic
 or foreign court, judicial or quasi-judicial tribunal, or of a board

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¹ or officer, it is sufficient to aver the judgment or decision ² without setting forth matter showing jurisdiction to render it.

F. TIME AND PLACE. For the purpose of testing the sufficiency of a pleading, averments of time and place are material and shall be considered like all other averments of material matter.

6 G. SPECIAL DAMAGE. When items of special damage are claimed, 7 their nature shall be specifically stated. In actions where 8 exemplary or punitive damages are sought, the petition shall not 9 state a dollar amount for damages sought to be recovered but shall 10 state whether the amount of damages sought to be recovered is in 11 excess of or not in excess of the amount required for diversity 12 jurisdiction pursuant to Section 1332 of Title 28 of the United 13 States Code.

14 MOTION TO CLARIFY DAMAGES. If the amount of damages sought Η. 15 to be recovered by the plaintiff is less than the amount required 16 for diversity jurisdiction pursuant to Section 1332 of Title 28 of 17 the United States Code, the defendant may file, for purposes of 18 establishing diversity jurisdiction only, a Motion to Clarify 19 Damages prior to the pretrial order to require the plaintiff to show 20 by a preponderance of the evidence that the amount of damages, if 21 awarded, will not exceed the amount required for diversity. If the 22 court finds that any damages awarded are more likely than not to 23 exceed the amount of damages required for diversity jurisdiction, 24 the plaintiff shall amend his or her pleadings in conformance with _ _

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1	paragraph 2 of subsection A of Section 2008 of this title.
2	SECTION 3. This act shall become effective November 1, 2019.
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